Faculty of Technology University of Novi Sad

VIII STUDENTS' MEETEING

Processing and Application of Ceramics

Programme and Book of Abstracts of The Eighth Students' Meeting – SM-2009, "Processing and Application of Ceramics" publishes abstracts from the field of ceramics, which are presented at traditional international Students' Meeting.

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Preface

The Eight Ceramics", is Technology, Un The idea of Department of which is today scientists from meeting, but wit the standards Meeting are th researchers universities an appreciate vel enthusiasm we and we truly h future. Special Meeting.

The quality inspiration for Ceramics". This also the papers

Growing fr students from o specific materia topics for studen

- Advana
- Ceramil
- Traditio
- Culture

The opening we would like to welcome us at o organizing comm meeting, and esp possible.

A warm welce meeting with man

"The Eighth Students' Meeting", SM-2009 PROCESSING AND APPLICATION OF CERAMICS

Novi Sad, December 2-5, 2009

T6

THE INFLUENCE OF MECHANICAL ACTIVATION ON DRYING PROCESS

Miloš Vasić, Zagorka Radojević "Institute for Testing Materials", Belgrade, Serbia

The results of parallel scientific research about behavior of masonry clay prepared by classical procedure and mechanically activated clay have been presented in this paper. One representative sample of masonry clay from the locality Banatski Karlovac has been prepared according to classical procedure by wet grinding to the size granulation below 1 mm. The other representative sample, from the same locality was mechanically activated for 30 minutes in Fritch mill. Prepared samples characterization has been done by using X-ray, thermal characterization (DTA and TGA, DIL), granulometric test and by using some technological characterization. The obtained results show significant differences in structure, morphology and final properties of the obtained samples. The method of multi-factorial experimental design has been used for determination of the samples properties after the drying process. The mathematical relationship as a function of temperature, humidity and the velocity of drying medium was set up. The influence of the same factors on drying time duration in order to reach the critical point was also analyzed. Obtained outputs are very significant for the optimization of masonry clay product drying process and for establishing the fast drying regimes of the same products.

T7

BIOLOGICAL EFFICIENCY OF PHOTOCATALYTIC TIO₂ COATINGS ON CLAY ROOFING TILES SUBSTRATE

Dmitar Zorić¹, S. Markov¹, M. Radeka², J. Ranogajec¹

¹Faculty of Technology, University of Novi Sad, Serbia

²Faculty of Technical sciences, University of Novi Sad, Serbia

Photocatalytic titanium dioxide coatings on clay roofing tiles substrate have been extensively studied for possible antimicrobial application. The wide acceptance of photocatalytic ${\rm TiO_2}$ to be antimicrobial efficient has led to attempts of different coating processes. This research involves a spray technique as the method for applying two different ${\rm TiO_2}$ coatings: mesoporous ${\rm TiO_2}$ coating based on PEG-UV light sensitive system and ${\rm TiO_2}$ coating (based on commercial suspension) sensitive to visible light radiation. Photocatalytic performances of the deposited specimens are tested with model pollutants - methylene blue solution (UV light sensitive system) and rhodamin B (visible

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light sensitive system). Antin Aspergillus niger (fungus) ar The antimicrobial efficiency colonies that grew on the obtained by using a light mic efficiency were correlated w photocatalytic titanium dioxi

T8

APPLICATION O

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Advanced ceramics fields ranging from heat cautomotive industries and cautomotive industries and cautomotive introduced, an illustrate current and future

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Also, I will also st like in Nigeria decorative ceramics, such as:

- 1. Bearing, seals at
- 2. Technology of aluminum and xircon sand
 - 3. Artworks.